

ITN campaign key geo-enabled resources for microplanning

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Introduction

Microplanning is one of the most important activities for the success of a mass ITN distribution campaign. The availability of geographically accurate information is a prerequisite for developing an effective ITN campaign microplan. Owing to the strong geographic dimension associated with ITN microplanning, maps are the starting point of any ITN mass distribution. Maps are extremely important to help in the process of selecting ITN distribution points and their "catchment area", identifying hard-to-reach areas, and illustrating any key features, such as markets, schools and religious institutions, as well as population groups that have known barriers to access health services, that must be taken into account in planning and implementing operational level activities. To improve the ITN microplanning process, national malaria programmes are increasingly looking to leverage the use of geospatial data and tools.

This document aims to provide actors involved in ITN mass campaigns with a non-exhaustive inventory of available geospatial tools that are useful for the microplanning process for ITN mass campaigns. It also provides an overview of available resources and capacity-building opportunities related to geo-enabled microplanning, along with potential partners and their areas of focus.



Geo-enabled microplanning workshop in Adawama State, Nigeria, 2023 © NMEP, Nigeria

1. Geospatial tools for ITN campaign microplanning process

Geospatial tool or software	Description of the product/service	Licensing
solution and service provider		-
Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/ Google	Core function : Offers satellite imagery, aerial photography, street maps, 360° interactive panoramic views of streets.	Free access
	Key features : Supports with estimations of distances and travel time, identifying paths, facilities and other geographic points of interest.	
Google Earth: https://earth.google.com/web/ Google	Core function : Maps the earth by superimposing satellite images, aerial photography, and Geographic Information System (GIS) data onto a 3D globe.	Free access
	Key features : Supports with estimations of distances and travel time, identifying paths, facilities and other geographic points of interest.	
Open Street Map: https://www.openstreetmap.org /	Core function : Displays physical features on the ground (e.g. roads or buildings). Geographical features can be exported into other GIS file formats.	Free access
OpenStreetMap Foundation	Key features : Supports with estimations of distances and travel time, identifying paths, facilities, and other geographic points of interest.	
Crosscut https://crosscut.io/microplanning https://community.dhis2.org/t/cr osscut-microplanning-app/48097	Core function: Create catchment area boundaries for health facilities and publish them to DHIS2. Key features: Generates target population estimates for each catchment area,	Free access
(Easy to use – designed for users with no GIS mapping expertise.)	analyses accessibility as well as travel time to the health facilities within the catchment area.	
Maxar https://www.maxar.com/	Core function : Leverages very high- resolution satellites to capture imagery on a global scale between 30—50cm spatial	Any organization from any country which is a partner
https://www.youtube.com/watch ?v=X_t56Qqv-EU	resolution. Maps the location and density or grantee of the of populations along with the route to get there. Data available in a wide variety of of	

	formats including Cloud Optimized GeoTIFFs (COGs), GeoTIFF, PNG, JPG, JPG2000 etc. Key features : Estimates target population, analyses accessibility, estimates supply requirements.	Gate Foundation can access building and road data. Frequently updated (once per week in high demand areas).
Humanitarian OpenStreetMap https://www.hotosm.org/	Core function: Mapping of displaced populations (refugees, migrants). Key features: Estimates distance/travel time, road networks.	Free access
GRID3 (Geo-referenced infrastructure and demographic data for development) <u>https://grid3.org/</u>	Core function: Gridded population estimates, spatial distribution, infrastructure, boundaries (national and sub national), settlements. Key features: Estimates target population, administrative boundaries, routes and distances.	Free access
WorldPop Open Population Repository (WOPR) <u>https://wopr.worldpop.org/</u> (Global population archive of spatial demographic datasets for Central and South America, Africa and Asia)	Core function: Gridded population estimates, average household size, sub- national population age-sex structures, spatial distribution and settlements. Estimates of people per building in every building and aggregated building totals to estimate population size for each ~100m grid cell using a high-resolution map of building footprints. Key features: Estimates target population and administrative boundaries.	Free access
The Humanitarian Data Exchange https://data.humdata.org/	Core function: Country boundaries, geo- registry, dataset and shape files. Key features: Estimates target population and administrative boundaries in humanitarian settings	Free access
Reveal <u>https://revealprecision.com/</u> Akros <u>https://akros.com/</u> (Akros has developed the Reveal	Core function: Satellite imagery available to create maps, spatial models capturing seasonal migration or displacement. Key features: Estimates target population and administrative boundaries in humanitarian settings.	Free access
app.)	namentarian settings.	

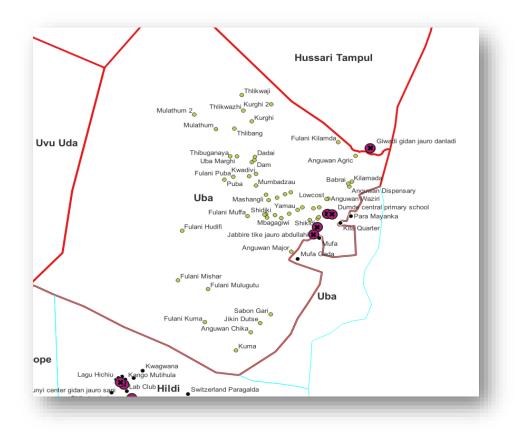
ArcGIS Esri https://www.esri.com/en- us/arcgis/products/arcgis- online/overview)	Core function and features : Cloud-based software to create and share interactive web maps.	Can be acquired via subscription or perpetual licence
QGIS https://qgis.org/en/site/	Core function and features : Creates, edits, visualizes, analyses and publishes geospatial information on Windows, MacOS, Linux, BSD and mobile devices.	Free access
Novel-T https://novel-t.ch/#/focusdetail	Core function and features: Plans geospatial databases, microplanning. Monitors geospatial tracking system and georeferenced data collection. Evaluates data integration, analytics and visualization	Need to pay for services and expertise



Map inspection before printing, Osun State, Nigeria, 2023 © NMEP, Nigeria

2. Training and capacity development

Focus area	Description	Provider	Website resources
		GRID3	https://grid3.org/solution/capacity-
			strengthening
			To enrol in GRID3 training courses, you must have an account.
		MapAction	https://guides.mapaction.org/
		Maprecion	https://guides.mapdetion.org/
			This is more of an example product catalogue accessible to everyone.
	GIS trainings modules are	QGIS	https://qgis.org/en/site/forusers/trainingmate
	available and interested		<u>rial/index.html</u>
GIS training and	national malaria		
information management resources and processes	programmes and partners can access them as part		Training material and course modules on QGIS
resources and processes	of their capacity		available to everyone. Free access.
	development for geo-		https://www.who.int/data/GIS
	enabled microplanning		https://www.digitalhealthcoe.org/knowledgeb
			ase/geo-enabled-microplanning-handbook
			Knowledge based microplanning handbook. Free download.
			https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/17b8
			1T1Yvz51 Qm4VMGEtYVm69N jSrTHtF2Nj1Q
		WHO-GIS	DSOI/present?slide=id.p1
			https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VXgY0vyZ
			JFw
			Knowledge based microplanning handbook. Free download and access on Google docs.
Population estimates,	Training modules specific	GRID3	https://grid3.org/
spatial distribution and	to GIS topics and		GRID3_LMS: New GRID3 Training MOOC, now
settlements	crosschecking with		available! - GIS support for microplanning in
	population estimates from a variety of sources		the health sector
	for microplanning		To enrol in GRID3 training courses, you must
	0		have an account.
		World pop	https://wopr.worldpop.org/
			Free access to country datasets, boundaries,
			population estimates and shape files.



Geo-enabled Uba Ward map, Adawama State, Nigeria, 2023 © NMEP, Nigeria