

# Achieving optimal coverage with ITNs: Rethinking the status quo

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Global Infectious **IMPERIAL** 

- Universal coverage to optimal coverage
- Was universal coverage achievable with the status quo?
- How can optimal coverage now be achieved?
- Additional considerations



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#### Universal to optimal coverage



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## "Universal coverage is defined as 100%\* access to, <u>and use of</u>, ITNs"

World Health Organization. WHO recommendations for achieving universal coverage with long-lasting insecticidal nets in malaria control. World Health Organization. 2013

#### \*80% typically a minimum target

Flowchart adapted from:

"Guidance on the prioritization of insecticide-treated nets in situations where resources are limited". World Health Organization (2023)



#### Universal to optimal coverage



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#### What does optimal coverage mean to you?



- Deploying ITNs to maximise impact / Déployer les MII pour un impact maximal / Distribuir MII para máximo impacto
- 6 Deploying ITNs to maximise coverage / Déployer les MII pour une couverture maximale / Distribuir MII para máxima cobertura



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#### What do you think optimal coverage means to the wider public?



- 7 Deploying ITNs to maximise impact / Déployer les MII pour un impact maximal / Distribuir MII para máximo impacto
- Deploying ITNs to maximise coverage / Déployer les MII pour une couverture maximale / Distribuir MII para máxima cobertura



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#### **Historical use and access**

- We fitted usage and access models to DHS & MIS data for subnational regions in 6 countries (Burkina Faso, Ghana, Malawi, Mali, Mozambique and Senegal)
- Surveys are snapshots that can be misleading
- Overall ITN use (and access) >80% achieved only briefly following mass campaigns





#### **Historical use and access**

- We fitted usage and access models to DHS & MIS data for subnational regions in 6 countries (Burkina Faso, Ghana, Malawi, Mali, Mozambique and Senegal)
- · Surveys are snapshots that can be misleading
- Overall ITN use (and access) >80% achieved only briefly following mass campaigns
- There is notable variability in use and access





#### **ITN retention**

	Access	Use
Regions (n = 146) with mean duration greater than 3 years	12.3%	0.7%

- People stop using ITNs faster than they have access to them
- Use given access declines over time following a mass campaign











Which of the following deployment approaches have you come across/had experience in?





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# Join at menticom | use code 2500 2589 Are there any other channels or strategies you have experience with? Social marketing Não No

Social marketing	Nao	NO	
Emergency response	Integrated child health day campaigns	Subsidies/vouchers	Instructions
Community	Community	Non	x
Non	Non	Private sector	We'd the to have your background. If you've worked with multiple countries, please rafie to the most record. Your sequences will remain anonymous.
Non	Non	No	
		15	What does optimal coverage mean to you?

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#### If you had to reduce the number of ITNs distributed, what would you prefer?



Increase continuous distribution & stop mass campaigns / Renforcer continue & stopper masse / Reforçar contínua & parar massa

Maintain continuous & reduce ITNs per household in mass / Maintenir continue & réduire MII par ménage / Manter continua & reduzir MII por domicílio



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What does optimal coverage mean to you?



#### GA

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## If you had to reduce the number of ITNs distributed, what would **the public** prefer?



Increase continuous distribution & stop mass campaigns / Renforcer continue & stopper masse / Reforçar contínua & parar massa

5 Maintain continuous & reduce ITNs per household in mass / Maintenir continue & réduire MII par ménage / Manter contínua & reduzir MII por domicílio







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#### **Approaches to maximising impact**



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Use given access alone is a poor P
 predictor of the impact of better nets
 or more regular campaigns





#### **Approaches to maximising impact**



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Net retention (access) alone is a poor predictor of the impact of better nets or more regular campaigns





#### **Approaches to maximising impact**



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 The benefit of increased frequency and switching to better ITNs is greatest (and clearest) in high transmission settings





# Pyrethroid resistance is also a poor predictor of impact



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#### **Approaches to** maximising impact

Continuous None VIrban Rural Rural All



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3-year pyrethroid- only campaigns: 62.9M [36.6. 82.3]	Pyrethroid- pyrrole strategy	Reduced coverage & equivalent cost	Equivalent coverage & increased cost	Equivalent coverage with deprioritisation
ann. cases averted	3-year campaign			
Avg. ann. cost <b>\$37.5M</b>	intervals	5 Romali	5 Roman	A Republic
8.0M avg. ann. ITNs		- Alesso		
100	M ann. cases averted Mean ann. ITNs/cost	<b>81.0</b> [52.2, 107] <b>7.1M / \$37.5M</b>	85.2 [55.0, 113] 8.0M / \$42.5M	<b>84.3</b> [71.4, 129] <b>6.7M / \$35.7M</b>
PfPR <sub>2-10</sub> (%) 0 10 20 30 40 50 60	2-year campaign intervals			
averted per capita	M ann. cases averted Mean ann. ITNs/cost	<b>96.0</b> [73.7, 124] <b>6.8M / \$36.1M</b>	<b>122</b> [96.2, 147] <b>11.0M / \$58.8M</b>	<b>107</b> [87.3, 180] <b>7.0M / \$37.1M</b>

#### Change to budget: (3-year intervals)

- 630k routine ITNs distributed annually in all scenarios
- Budget achieved by increasing campaign procurement ratios (people per ITN)



-25%

-50%

0%

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0%

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-25%

-50%

# For a mass campaign where you distributed 1 ITN for every 3 people in a household, how many would you give to the following household sizes:



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Do you think a distribution cost under 1 USD per ITN is achievable in any setting (i.e. for any channel in any country)?



- 7 No (unachievable in all settings / inatteignable dans tous les contextes / inatingível em todos os contextos)
   4 Possibly (achievable for some settings / dans
- certains contextes / em alguns contextos)
- Probably (achievable in most settings / dans la plupart des contextes / na maioria dos contextos)
- Yes (achievable in all settings / atteignable dans tous les contextes / atingível em todos os contextos)





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If you could drop one thing from a mass campaign budget, what would it be?

household mobilization launch events voucher cost microplanning big overhead reduction of steps personnel cost launch évent training warehousing microplanning workshop remover o uso de papel storage costs vouchers cost flag-off events warehousing costs official campaign launch



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# Considerations for subnational tailoring: equity of use and access

- Overall use of ITNs is **not evenly distributed** within sub-national regions
- Overall use of ITNs is more unevenly distributed in some regions than others



Time



#### **Considerations for subnational tailoring: ITN retention and use given access**



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- In areas of low use given access (quadrants 3 and 4) social behavioural change interventions may improve overall use
- Prioritising more regular distribution of ITNs in areas of high retention (quadrants 1 and 4) may be more effective, but more regular campaigns when retention is low (quadrants 2 and 3) may be more equitable



#### Considerations for campaign intervals: *Pf*PR rebounds over time



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# Considerations for distribution channels: 39% of used ITNs from routine channels



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Adapted from: Bertozzi-Villa, A. et al. Nature Communications 12, 1–12 (2021).





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- Universal coverage was not consistently achieved anywhere but was (briefly) achieved after mass campaigns in most regions
- Transmission intensity best predicts the impact of switching to more regular campaigns and/or better ITNs
- Prioritising higher-transmission settings may be optimal under fixed budgets in some settings
- Switching to fewer, but better nets could avert:
  - More cases for the same cost
  - Similar numbers of cases under reduced budgets